2nd Wave Floating Wind

Presentation at Västerbergslagen Engineering Society

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WINDEED

Origins of Windeed

Swedish Expertise - Strong history in aerodynamics & naval technology (Wind + Water)

Wind Power Pioneer - Early innovations in the 1980s, floating wind since 2008.

Proven Design - 25,000+ hours over 20+ years systematically evaluating floating wind design options against key requirements.

Expert Collaboration - Deep partnerships in hydrodynamics, aerodynamics, marine & offshore engineering.

Founded in 2021 - Led by serial entrepreneur Bertil Moritz & four co-founders.



60%*

17 000 TWh*

260 000 floaters

*International Energy Agency (IEA) 2019 World Energy Balances



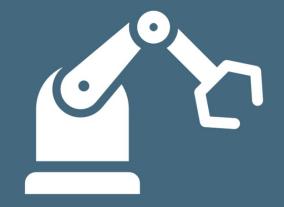
1st Wave of Floating Wind comes from O&G



	Oil and Gas	Floating Wind
Jnits globally	1X	1000X
CAPEX	30X	1X
DPEX/year	100X	1X
Revenue/year	100X	1X

2 different extremes

Enablers





Mass production

Lower Cost

Common claims

"Ready for mass production with a standardized floating foundation."

"Industrialization and largescale deployment, enabled by full modularity with individual components that can be fabricated and transported efficiently."

"Industrial-scale modular fabrication enables global supply chains."

"Fabricated and assembled in a fully industrial manner, maximizing the flexibility to use local and global supply chains."

"The floating structure can essentially be made as one size fits all."

"Prefabricated modular elements allow for rapid production and fast deployment." *"Floater can be assembled portside and towed out to sea without the need for an installation vessel."*

"Minimum offshore work reduces risk and cost, products are fully assembled at port and simply towed to the deployment site."

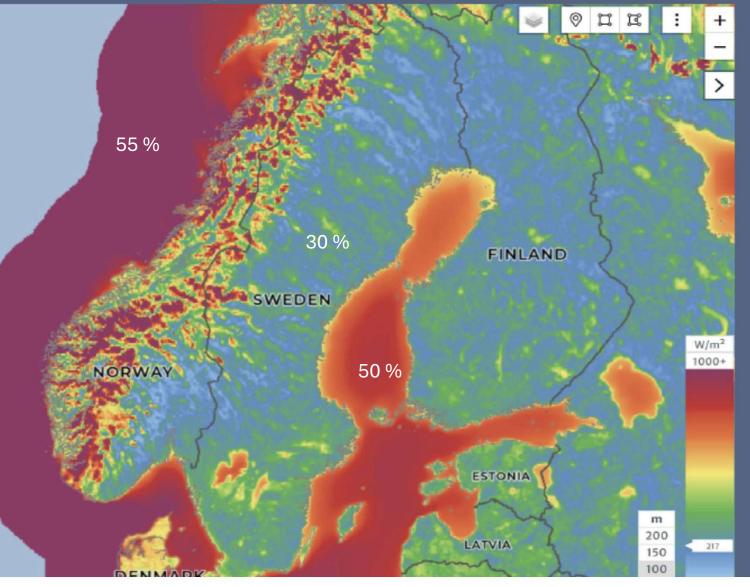
"Lower structural weight and simplified logistics ensure cost efficiency."

Advantages of floating wind power

- Horizon 5 7 km from shore @ 2m eyeheight, thus fewer parties concerned during permitting process
- No hammering to seafloor during installation
- No infrasound during operation
- Great conditions for fish sanctuaries
- Better wind-utilization factor than land-based

Wind power density W/m2

Utilization factors





Requirement categories

Floater design and performance

Mooring

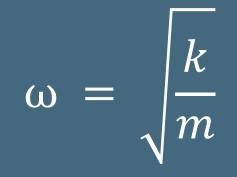
Supply / infrastructure

Maintenance and robustness

Serial production and fast deployment

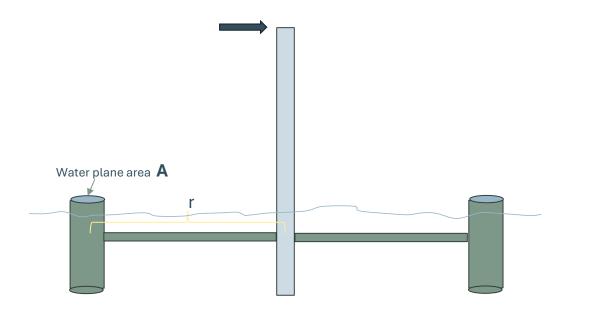
Lowest amount of material

Conflict between low mass and low frequency outside wave spectra

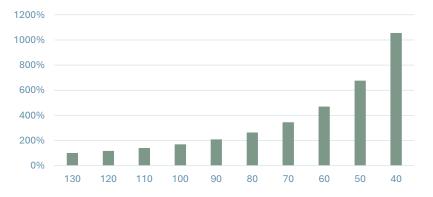


How to solve it while lowering mass? k , the water plane area, has to be lower

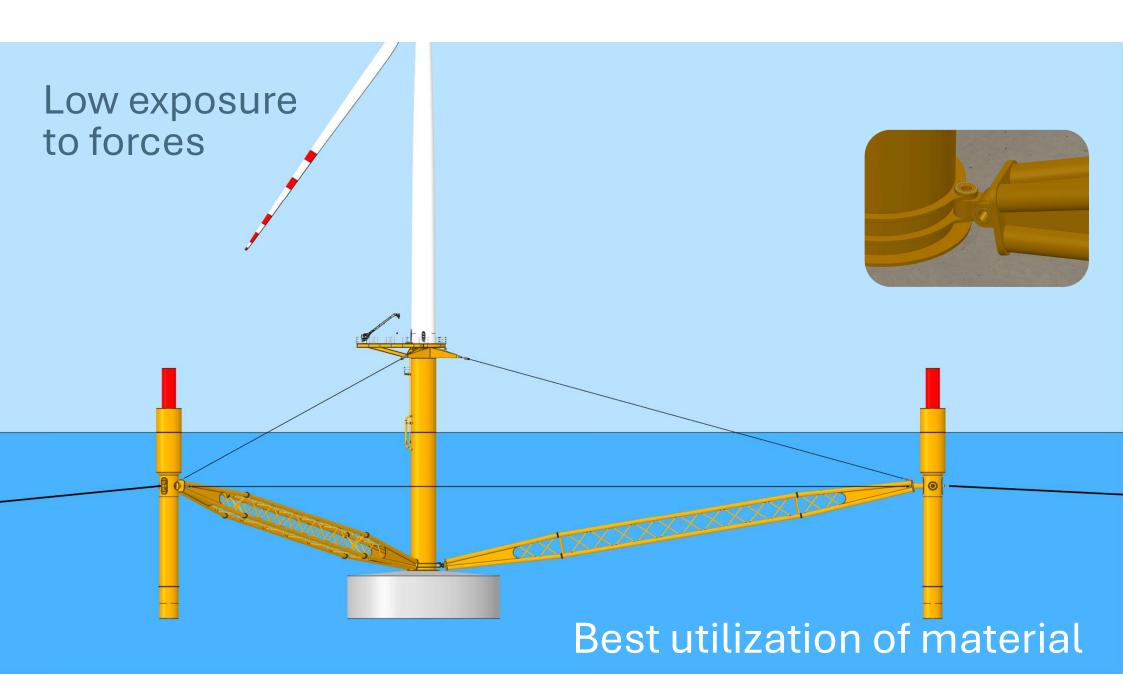
Longer arms and small water plane area is key to lower weight



Mass versus floater arm length to maintain same heave frequency



Example: 50 meter arm requires 676 % more mass than a floater with 130 meter arm



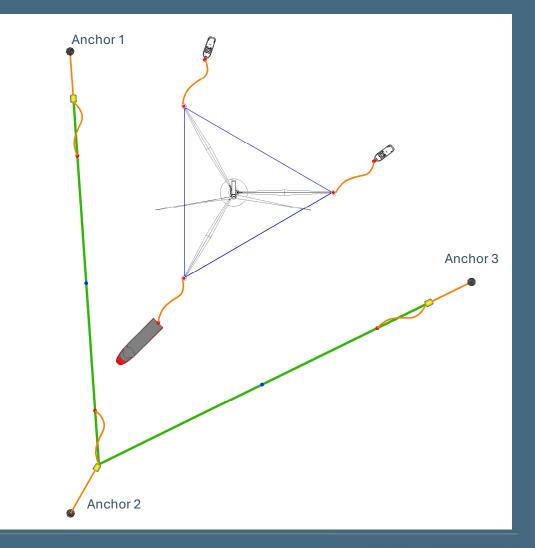


Mooring requirements

- Fast deployment
- No failure
- Minimized damage to seabed
- Solutions for very deep water
- Small footprint

Mooring system

- Preinstalled parking lot
- Fast Plug & Play
- No chains
- Tensioned mooring lines
- Small footprint/deep waters



Supply chain requirements

Avoid constraints

- Shipyards
- Port investments
- Chains
- Extreme cranes on quay
- Manual welding

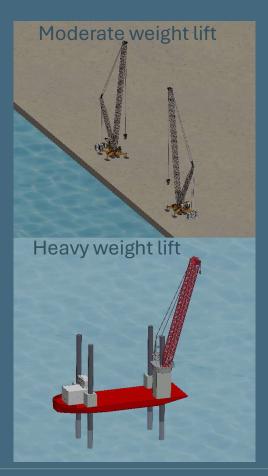


Avoid scarce resources

Use available resources









Maintenance requirements

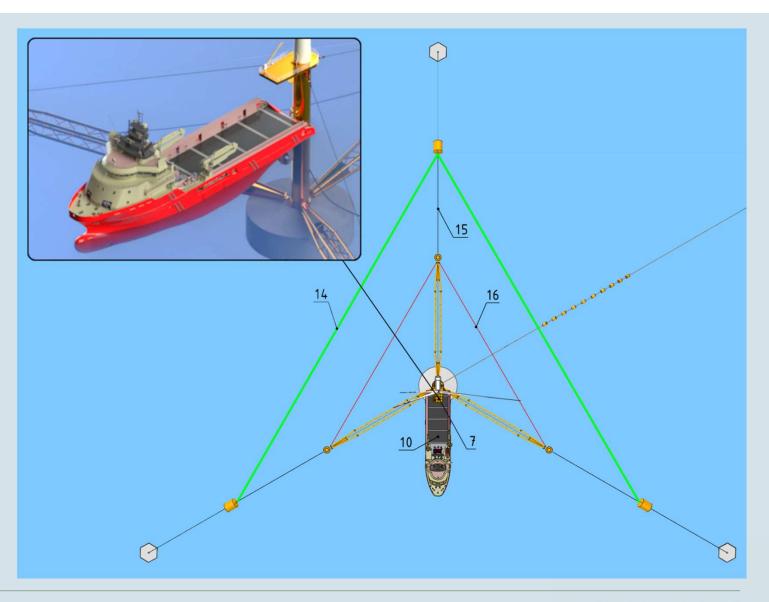
- In situ replacement of heavy parts
- Plug and play allows also for tow to port
- Easy service access irrespective of wind and wave direction

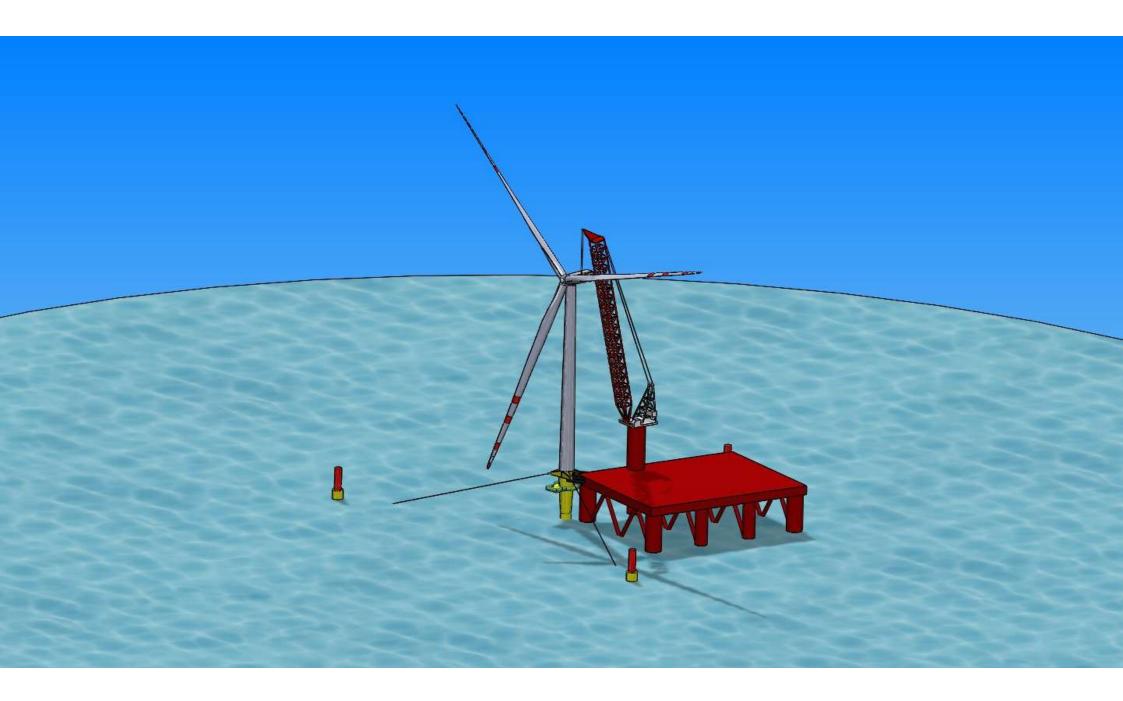
WINDEED

• Small motions - benign to WTG

Access to central tower

from any direction

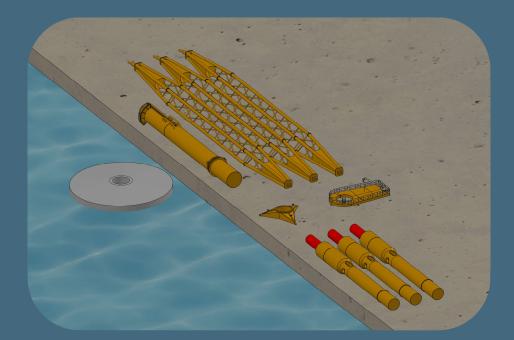




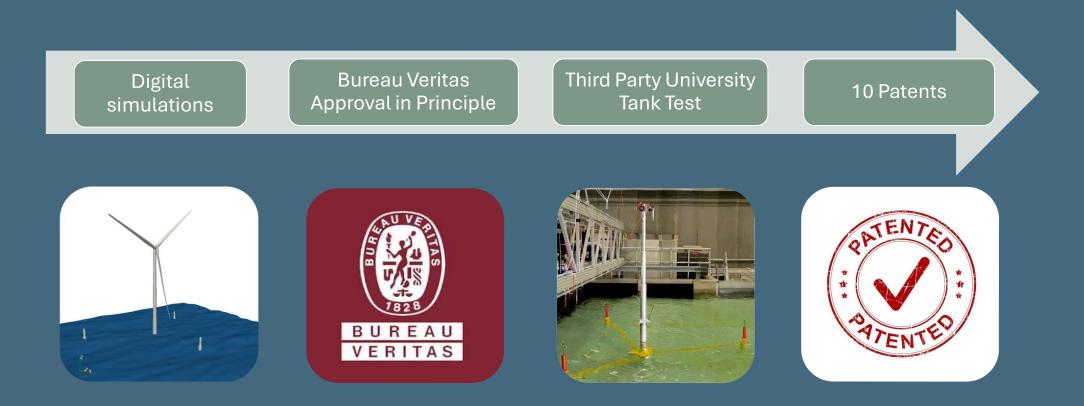
Serial Production

- Modules, efficiently produced
- Automation, no manual welding
- Fast assembly with a few pins
- Individual components, limited weight
- Proven components

Result: 2 units per week



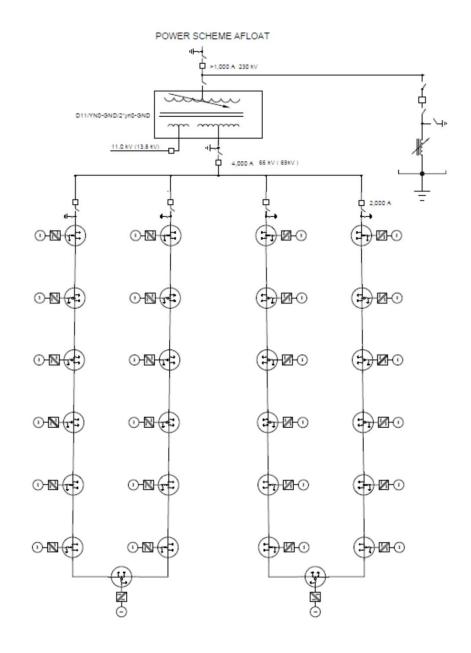
It works! Protected and verified by external parties



Mass produced light floater system

Fast deployment

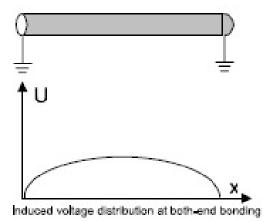
1 GW farm in only one season



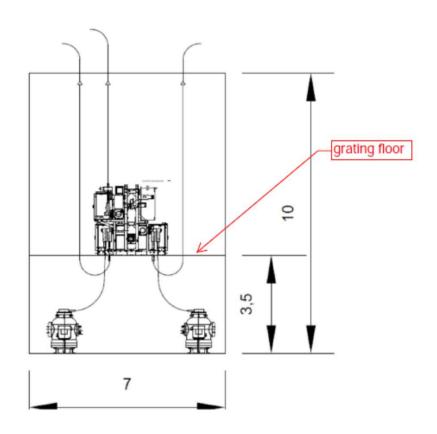
Transformer and shunt reactor filled with biodegradable esters able to insulate 245 kV

Wind towers separated approximately 8 rotor diameters making the loop-cable segments approximately 50 % longer due to sag

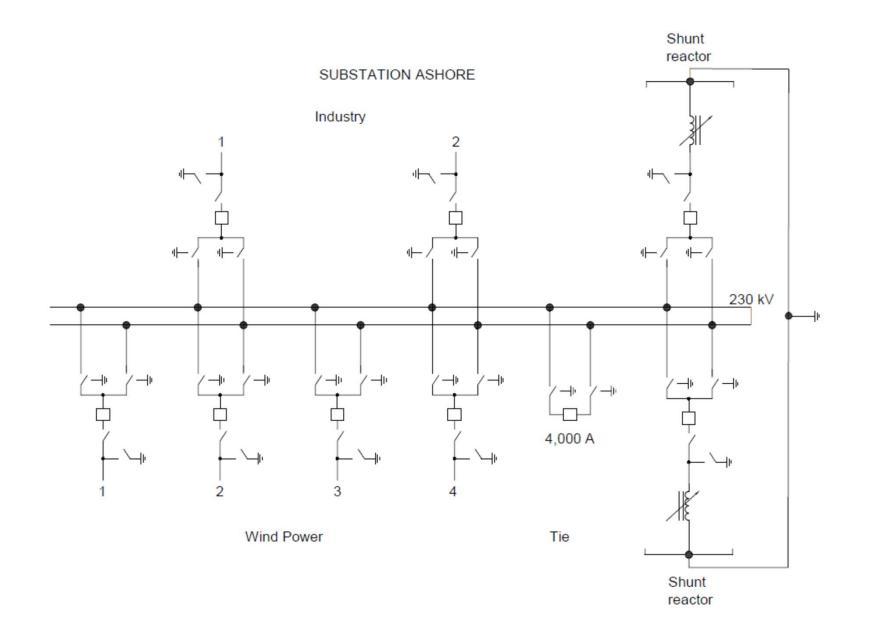
All power cables with fiber-optic cables incorporated



ö DC-8yth 199* PC 10



Sketch 2



Sketch 3